Dan River Steering Committee Meeting #1 May 8, 2007

1. Description of impairments and violation rates

TMDLs are being developed for Virginia DEQ impaired segments within the Dan River Watershed:

- 12 segments are impaired due to violations of the bacteria recreation standards
- 1 segment in the Smith River Watershed is impaired for not meeting the aquatic life use standard.
 - O A stream is considered benthic/biologically impaired when the macroinvertebrate community does not have the same composition of a stream not effected by pollution (i.e. species that are sensitive to pollution are not present)

Segment #	TMDL ID	Stream Name	Miles	Impairment	Violation Rate	
1	VAW-L52R-02	Blackberry Creek	14.82	Fecal Coliform	3/20	
2	VAC-L62R-04	Byrds Branch	2.98	Fecal Coliform	3/9 & 4/9*	
3	VAC-L60R-01	Dan River	36.79	E. Coli	3/13 & 5/13*	
4	VAC-L62R-03	Double Creek	8.28	Fecal Coliform	3/28	
5	VAC-L61R-01	Fall Creek	2.3	Fecal Coliform	5/25	
6	VAW-L56R-01	Leatherwood Creek	8.34	Fecal Coliform	3/23	
7	VAW-L55R-01	Marrowbone Creek	4.33	Fecal Coliform	4/29	
8	VAW-L46R-01	North Mayo River	22.46	Fecal Coliform	3/25 & 3/9*	
9	VAC-L58R-01	Sandy River	7.21	Fecal Coliform	7/25	
10	VAW-L53R-01	Smith River	6.95	Fecal Coliform	9/59	
11	VAW-L54R-01	Siliui Kivei	13.77	Fecal Coliform	6/35 & 6/35*	
12	VAW-L45R-01	South Mayo River	10.86	Fecal Coliform	2/16	

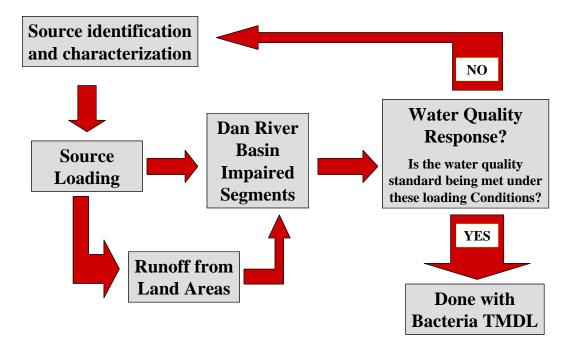
^{*} Data for two water quality listing stations

Discussion Questions:

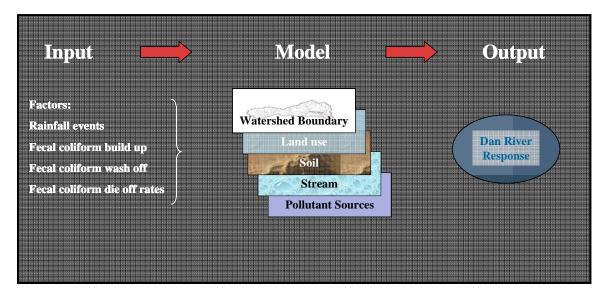
- 1. Do you have any questions about where the impairments are?
- 2. Have you suspected that there were water quality concerns in these streams or is this the first time you have heard of these concerns?
- 3. Are these violation rates surprising to you? Why or why not?

2. The Water Quality Model

What is the TMDL Process?



How does the <u>Hydrologic Simulation Program Fortran Model Work?</u>



Discussion Questions:

1. Do you have any questions on how this model works?

3. What types of data go into the model?

Types of Data:

- Watershed physiographic data (elevation, land use, soils)
- Hydrographic data
- Weather data
- Point sources and direct discharge data and information
- Environmental monitoring data
- Stream flow data
- Bacteria sources characterization data

Discussion Questions:

1. Can you think of any other factors that we should consider?

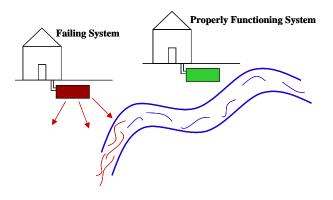
4. Preliminary summary of the overall source numbers for VA and NC

Population Data: Based on 2004 United States Census Data

- Population in the study area is approximately 384,273 people
- There are approximately 152,393 households within the study area
- Sewage Disposal Methods
 - o Sewer Systems (predominantly cities)
 - o Septic Systems
 - Other Systems (assumed to be no waste management, or "straight pipe")
- Failing septic systems and straight pipes near stream channels can contribute significant sewage to the watershed streams.
 - An estimated 189 septic systems within 200 ft of a stream are failing in the Dan River Watershed (based on a 3% failure rate)
 - o Within a 200 ft of a stream, there are approximately 421 straight pipes discharging to the stream



- Pet inventories based on:
 - o 0.543 Dogs per household*
 - o 0.598 Cats per household*
- In the study area there are approximately:
 - o 82,749 Dogs
 - o 91,131 Cats



Point Source Data:

State	Category	Permit Type	Number (Active/Application)
		Industrial	11
	NPDES	Municipal	13
		Residence	27
		Business	5
	General Permit	CAFO*	8
VA	To	tal	64
		Industrial	16
		Municipal	17
	NPDES	Domestic	24
	General Permit	CAFO*	14
NC	To	tal	71
	Overall Tot	135	

^{*}Permits are issued for animal feeding operations with 300 or more animal units

Livestock Estimates within the Study Area:

	Livestock Type*										
VA City/ County*	Beef Cows	Milk Cows	Hogs and Pigs	Sheep and Lambs	Chickens	Horses					
Carroll	19	1	0	1	0	3					
Danville	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Floyd	343	27	0	18	130	45					
Franklin	1,067	639	31	0	79	115					
Halifax	5,266	97	6,036	51	28,135	440					
Henry	0	0	0	27	296	580					
Martinsville	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Mecklenburg	262	21	1	0	0	26					
Patrick	7,286	687	54	253	196	853					
Pittsylvania	6,217	1,017	1,116	85	0	636					
South Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0					
VA Total	20,460	2,490	7,238	434	28,836	2,697					

^{*}Livestock numbers are based on the 2002 US Agricultural Census data and the horse numbers were based on the 2001 VA Agricultural Statistics Equine report.

	Livestock Type*								
NC County	Beef Cows	Milk Cows	Hogs and Pigs	Sheep and Lambs	Chickens	Horses			
Caswell	3,618	366	347	64	151,118	289			
Forsyth	643	102	15	61	0	840			
Granville	200	17	60	10	122	57			
Guilford	78	23	104	5	1,350	65			
Orange	96	38	0	16	2,221	52			
Person	2,239	203	5,237	59	503	387			
Rockingham	3,628	464	4,006	429	0	2,633			
Stokes	4,017	188	0	395	99,160	1,110			
Surry	351	30	613	19	628,728	69			
NC Total	14,869	1,431	10,382	1,058	883,202	5,502			
Grand Total for									
Entire Study Area	35,329	3,921	17,621	1,492	912,038	8,199			

^{*}Livestock numbers are based on the 2002 US Agricultural Census data and the horse numbers were based on the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Service2006 Equine report.

Wildlife Estimates within the Study Area:

	Wildlife Animal*								
VA County	Deer	Raccoon	Muskrat	Beaver	Goose	Mallard	Wood Duck	Wild Turkey	
Carroll	12	16	70	8	1	0	0	3	
Dansville	1,335	1,285	5,555	606	114	4	4	284	
Floyd	441	352	1,520	166	38	1	1	94	
Franklin	3,038	3,230	13,960	1,523	259	10	9	646	
Halifax	10,882	11,131	48,102	5,248	926	35	31	2,315	
Henry	11,042	11,416	49,335	5,382	940	36	32	2,349	
Martinsville	272	276	1,194	130	23	1	1	58	
Mecklenburg	413	413	1,785	195	35	1	1	88	
Patrick	13,257	13,379	57,815	6,307	1,128	42	38	2,821	
Pittsylvania	9,386	9,213	39,813	4,343	799	29	26	1,997	
South Boston	80	101	438	48	7	0	0	17	
VA Total	50,158	50,813	219,587	23,955	4,269	160	144	10,672	

^{*}Estimates are based on NLCD 2001 land use data and distribution estimates from DGIF

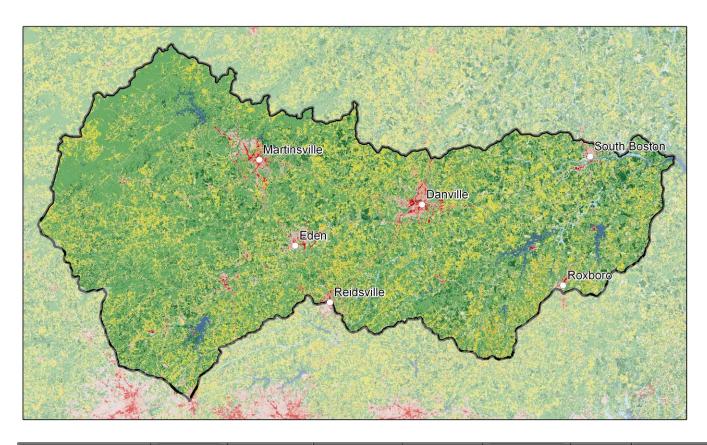
	Wildlife Animal*								
NC County	Deer	Raccoon	Muskrat	Beaver	Goose	Mallard	Wood Duck	Wild Turkey	
Caswell	11,582	11,787	50,939	5,557	986	37	33	2,464	
Forsyth	2,500	2,634	11,385	1,242	213	8	7	532	
Granville	735	784	3,390	370	63	2	2	156	
Guilford	222	257	1,110	121	19	1	1	47	
Orange	143	223	962	105	12	1	1	31	
Person	7,647	7,546	32,608	3,557	651	24	21	1,627	
Rockingham	13,947	13,417	57,981	6,325	1,187	42	38	2,967	
Stokes	12,047	12,014	51,916	5,664	1,025	38	34	2,563	
Surry	521	535	2,314	252	44	2	2	111	
NC Total	49,344	49,198	212,604	23,193	4,199	155	139	10,499	
Grand Total for Entire Study Area	99,502	100,011	432,191	47,148	8,468	314	283	21,171	

^{*}Estimates are based on NLCD 2001 land use data and distribution estimates from DGIF

Discussion Questions:

- 1. Do these numbers seem reasonable to you?
- 2. Are there any suggestions you would make?
- 3. Are there any sources that you would suggest to include?

5. Land Use Data



Land Cover Type	Water/ Wetlands	Developed	Agriculture	Forest	Grassland/ Shrub	Barren	Total
Acres	43,321	151,834	402,758	1,367,262	148,452	3,480	2,117,107
Percent Area	2%	7%	19%	65%	7%	0%	100%

Discussion Questions:

How is land use in your community changing and how could these changes potentially affect the bacteria levels in streams?